



## COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name

Differential equations and integral transformations

### Course

Field of study

Automatic Control and Robotics

Area of study (specialization)

-

Level of study

First-cycle studies

Form of study

part-time

Year/Semester

1/2

Profile of study

general academic

Course offered in

polish

Requirements

compulsory

### Number of hours

Lecture

18

Laboratory classes

0

Other (e.g. online)

0

Tutorials

18

Projects/seminars

0

### Number of credit points

5

### Lecturers

Responsible for the course/lecturer:

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Responsible for the course/lecturer:

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### Prerequisites

Knowledge: A student starting this subject should have a basic knowledge of mathematical analysis, especially differential and integral calculus.

Skills: The student should have the ability to obtain information from specified sources. He should also understand the need to broaden his competences / be willing to cooperate within a team.

Social Competences: In the field of social competences, students must present attitudes such as honesty, responsibility, perseverance, cognitive curiosity, creativity, personal culture, and respect for other people.

### Course objective

1. Providing students with basic knowledge of the operator's calculus (Laplace transformation, Z transformation and Fourier transformation basics).



2. To provide students with the basics of using these transformations to solve differential and recursive (differential) equations.
3. To familiarize students with the applications of operator calculus in the study of the dynamics of analog and digital systems.
4. Developing students' teamwork skills.

### Course-related learning outcomes

#### Knowledge

1. student has knowledge of mathematical analysis, in particular, calculus; K1\_W1
2. student has knowledge of mathematical analysis, including mathematical and numerical methods necessary to describe and analyze linear and basic properties of nonlinear dynamic and static systems, description and analysis of complex quantities, description of control algorithms and analysis of dynamic systems stability, description and analysis of signal processing in time and frequency domain; K1\_W1
3. student has ordered knowledge of signal and information theory and methods of their processing in the field of time and frequency; K1\_W5

#### Skills

1. student is able to use the basic methods of signal processing and analysis in the field of time and frequency and extract information from the analyzed signals; K1\_U9
2. student is able to obtain information from literature, technical documentation and other sources also in English; K1\_U1

#### Social competences

1. student understands the need and knows the possibilities of continuous training, raising professional, personal and social competences, is able to inspire and organize the learning process of others; K1\_K1

### Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Knowledge acquired as part of the lecture is verified by a 1.5-hour exam that will take place during the exam session. It will cover 10-15 theoretical issues and 3-5 computational tasks. Passing threshold: 50% of points. Final issues on the basis of which theoretical questions are developed will be sent to students by e-mail using the university e-mail system.

Umiejętności nabyte w ramach zajęć ćwiczeniowych weryfikowane są podstawie dwóch 1.5-godzinnych kolokwii zaliczeniowych, składających się z 4-7 zadań różnie punktowanych w zależności od stopnia ich trudności. Próg zaliczeniowy: 50% punktów.

### Programme content

The lecture and excersiseprogram includes the following topics:



### 1. Laplace transformation:

- Properties of selected signals: Dirac delta (pulse), unit jump
- Definition of Laplace transformation
- Basic properties and theorems for Laplace transformation:
  - o transformation of the differential equation and integral
  - o transformation of the periodic function
  - o limit value theorem
  - o delay theorem, etc.
- Inverse transform: residual method, simple fractions method
- The use of Laplace transforms for algebraic solving of systems of ordinary differential equations
- Using the convolution theorem (Borel) to determine the system's response

### 2. Transformation Z:

- Properties of selected signals: discrete unit jump, Kronecker delta
- Basics of Z transformation - definition, basic properties, shift theorem
- Rules for making a digital circuit diagram
- Inverse transformation - decomposition into simple fractions, residual method, numerical method for determining the inverse transform by dividing polynomials
- Discrete approximation of the plexus
- Differential equations
- Determination of digital system responses using Z transformation
- Relationships of Z transformation with Laplace transformation  $z \rightarrow s$  and  $s \rightarrow z$  - exact and approximate:  $z = e^{sT}$ , bilinear, Euler

### Teaching methods

Lecture: multimedia presentation, illustrated with examples on the board.

Exercises: calculating the tasks given by the teacher with the students - practical exercises.

### Bibliography

Basic

1. Świetlicka A., Rybarczyk A., Jurkowlanec A., Rachunek operatorowy (Metody rozwiązywania zadań), PWN, Warszawa 2012.
2. Myjak J., Równania różniczkowe, Wydawnictwa AGH, Warszawa 20163.

Additional

1. Bobrowski D., Ratajczak Z., Przekształcenie Laplace'a i jego zastosowania, Wyd. Uczelniane PP, skrypt No 571 (lub późniejsze wydanie).
2. Papoulis A., Obwody i układy, WKŁ, Warszawa, 1988.
3. Osowski J., Zarys rachunku operatorowego, WNT, Warszawa, 1981.



4. Zieliński T.P., Od teorii do cyfrowego przetwarzania sygnałów, Wydział EAIiE AGH, Kraków, 2002.
5. Brigham E.O., The Fast Fourier Transform, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, NY, 1974.
6. Oppenheim A.V., Schafer R., Cyfrowe przetwarzanie sygnałów, WKiŁ, 1979.
7. Mikusiński J., Sikorski R., Elementarna teoria dystrybucji, PWN, Warszawa, 1964.
8. Zemanian A. H., Teoria dystrybucji i analiza transformat, PWN, Warszawa, 1969.
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10. Jury E. J., Przekształcenie Z i jego zastosowania, WNT, Warszawa, 1969.
11. Doetsch G., Praktyka przekształcenia Laplace'a, PWN, Warszawa, 1964.
12. Kontorowicz M., Rachunek operatorowy, PWT, Warszawa, 1956.
13. Vlach J., Singhal K., Computer methods for circuit analysis and design, Van Nostrand Reinhold Company, NY, 1983.
14. Williams J, Laplace Transforms, George Allen and Ugwin, London, 1973.
15. Kołodziej W., Analiza matematyczna, PWN, Warszawa, 1979.
16. Bogucka H., Dziech A., Sawicki J, Elementy cyfrowego przetwarzania sygnałów z przykładami zastosowań i wykorzystaniem środowiska MATLAB, Wyd. FPT, Kraków, 1999.

#### Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	125	5,0
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	36	2,0
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for tutorials, preparation for tests/exam) <sup>1</sup>	89	3,0

<sup>1</sup> delete or add other activities as appropriate